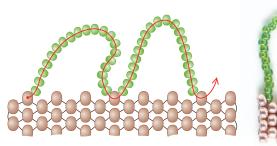
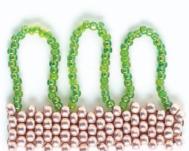
# Stitch pro {LOOPED FRINGE} Jean Campbell

You love it straight, kinked, and branched, but have you tried it looped? Looped fringe is not only easy to stitch, it makes a very full, very versatile fringe. Here are four of my favorite ways to use looped fringe.

#### SIMPLE LOOP

These long, draping loops are a great way to edge the bottom of a bag or to romanticize the bottom of a necklace. I've shown it here with seed beads, but this type of fringe looks great with other beads, too, such as fire-polished, pressed-glass, crystal, or pearl. And don't forget the drops and daggers; they look great at the center of this fringe.

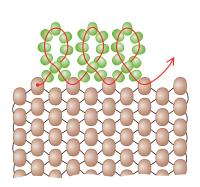




String 15 to 30 beads, skip 2 to 3 beads on the edge of the work, and pass through the next bead; repeat to add large loops along the edge of the work.

#### **TIGHT LOOPS**

This technique is the same as above, but because you're working with a smaller number of beads and making the stitches closer, they naturally twist, especially when you use tight tension. This is a great embellishment for any place you need a full, fluffy fringe. Though seed beads work best to achieve the twist, don't underestimate the fun of a drop, pearl, or crystal at the center.

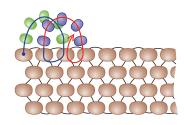


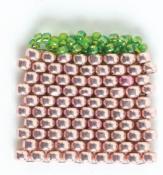


String 10 beads and pass through the next bead along the edge of the work; repeat down the edge of the work, allowing the loops to twist on themselves.

## LAYERED LOOPS

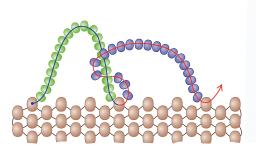
This is looped fringe, too, but might look more like a tight edging. This is a great way to finish the straight sides of peyote or brick stitch since it covers those unsightly threads at the edges.

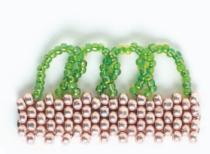




Exit up through an edge bead. String 5 beads, skip 1 bead along the edge, pass down through the following edge bead, and up through the previous (or skipped) edge bead; repeat along the edge of the work, taking care to always pass in front of the previous loops.

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String 20 or more beads, skip 1 to 2 beads along the edge, and pass through the next edge bead. \*String 20 or more beads (the same amount as the last loop), pass through the previous loop, skip 1 to 2 beads along the edge, and pass through the next edge bead; repeat from \* across the edge of the work. *Note*: Take care to pass through each of the previous loops in the same direction so the twists are all oriented the same way.

### **INTERLOCKING LOOPS**

This is an eccentric fringe, but especially fetching at the bottom of something round (such as a cylinder bag) because the internal twists become sculptural, much as a cable on a knitted fisherman's sweater. You'll want to add more, rather than less, beads in each loop of this fringe; you need more beads per loop to interlock them.